

DAMS: Distributed Adaptive Metaheuristic Selection

JET (Bond) 23, Paris

Bilel Derbel^{1,2} Sébastien Verel^{1,3}

¹INRIA Lille-Nord Europe

²Université Lille 1

³Université Nice Sophia Antipolis
France

<http://www.i3s.unice.fr/~verel>

November 23, 2012

Position of the work

- One EA key point :
Exploitation / Exploration tradeoff
- One main practice difficulty :
Choose operators, design, value of parameters, representation
- Parameters setting (Lobo et al. 2007) :
 - Off-line before the run : *parameter tuning*,
 - On-line during the run : *parameter control*.
- Increasing number of computation resources (GPU, ...) but, add parameters

Position of the work

- One EA key point :
Exploitation / Exploration tradeoff
- One main practice difficulty :
Choose operators, design, value of parameters, representation
- Parameters setting (Lobo et al. 2007) :
 - Off-line before the run : *parameter tuning*,
 - On-line during the run : *parameter control*.
- Increasing number of computation resources (GPU, ...) but, add parameters

Distributed Adaptive Metaheuristic Selection (DAMS)

- **Control** the execution of different **metaheuristics** in a **distributed environment**

Execution of metaheuristics in a distributed environment

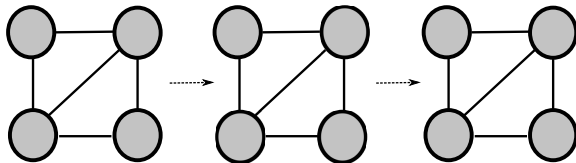
- 3 metaheuristics $\{M_1, M_2, M_3\}$
- 4 nodes of computation

Which algorithm can we design ?

M_1

M_2

M_3



Execution of metaheuristics in a distributed environment

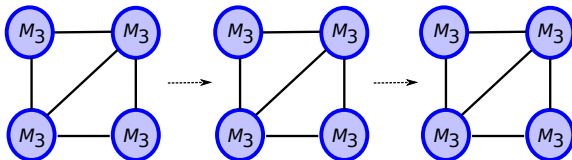
- 3 metaheuristics $\{M_1, M_2, M_3\}$
- 4 nodes of computation

Which algorithm can we design ?

M_1

M_2

M_3



Execution of metaheuristics in a distributed environment

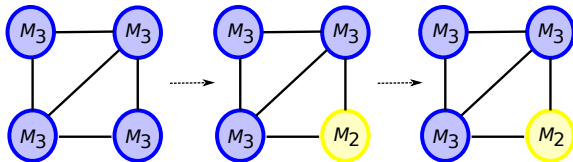
- 3 metaheuristics $\{M_1, M_2, M_3\}$
- 4 nodes of computation

Which algorithm can we design ?

M_1

M_2

M_3



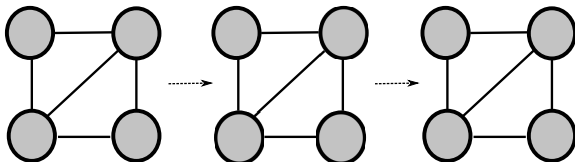
Execution of metaheuristics in a distributed environment

- 3 metaheuristics $\{M_1, M_2, M_3\}$
- 4 nodes of computation

M_1

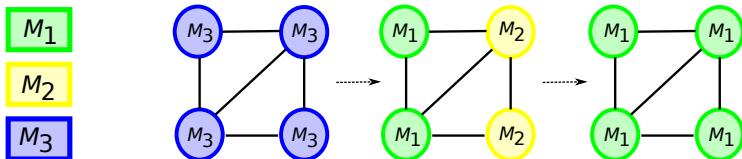
M_2

M_3



Execution of metaheuristics in a distributed environment

- 3 metaheuristics $\{M_1, M_2, M_3\}$
- 4 nodes of computation

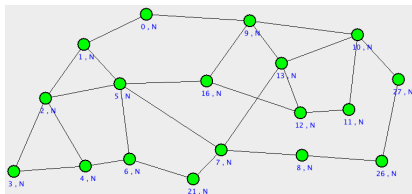


Goal of control : Optimal strategy

The strategy that gives the best overall performances :

- At first, execution of M_3
- then, M_1 and M_2 , and then, M_1 .

Point of view

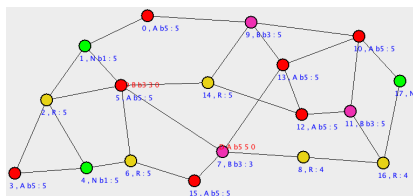


Keys

- Distributed environment = unique system to control
- Attach a metaheuristic to each computational node
- Modify the topology if necessary

⇒ Toward heterogenous parallel EA (island model)

Point of view



Keys

- Distributed environment = unique system to control
- Attach a metaheuristic to each computational node
- Modify the topology if necessary

⇒ Toward heterogenous parallel EA (island model)

Previous works

- Fix strategy :
ex. 20% nodes 'explorative' EA, 80% nodes 'exploitative' EA

Previous works

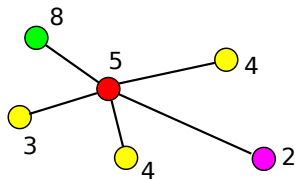
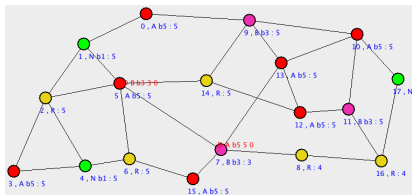
- Fix strategy :
ex. 20% nodes 'explorative' EA, 80% nodes 'exploitative' EA
- Control of communication, topology :
 - Gossip protocol, newcast protocol [Laredo et al., 10]
 - Heterogenous island model : [Candan et al., 12]
Migration rate control by the quality of operators
- Control of parameters sharing global information :
 - Master/worker to self-adapt pop. size [Bonnaire et al., 05]
 - Self-adapt pop. size, crossover [Srinivasa et al., 07]
- Control of parameters, distributed environment :
 - In each island : [Tongchim et al., 02]
Testing 2 possible parameter settings on half population (EA)
Send/receive (and mutate) the best parameters setting

Control : Local strategy

m^n attachements with n nodes and m metaheuristics

Control : Local strategy

m^n attachments with n nodes and m metaheuristics



Local distributed strategy :

For each computational node :

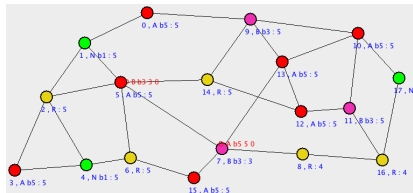
- Measure the efficiency of neighboring metaheuristics
- Select a metaheuristic according to the local information

Trade-off between :

Exploitation of the most promizing metaheuristics

Exploration of news ones

Select Best and Mutate strategy (SBM)



For each nodes :

```

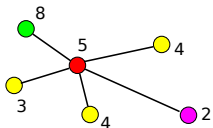
k ← initMeta()
P ← initPop()
reward ← 0
while Not stop do
  Migration of populations
  Send (k, reward)
  Receive  $\forall i (k_i, reward_i)$ 

  k ← best meta from  $k_i$ 's
  if  $rnd(0, 1) < p_{mut}$  then
    k ← random meta
  end if

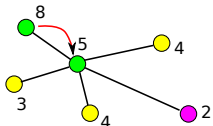
  Pnew ← metak(P)
  reward ← Reward(P, Pnew)
  P ← Pnew
end while

```

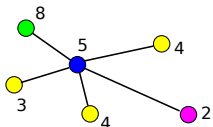
Select Best and Mutate strategy (SBM)



Select 'best' one (rate $1 - p_{mut}$)



Select random one (rate p_{mut})



For each nodes :

```

k ← initMeta()
P ← initPop()
reward ← 0
while Not stop do
  Migration of populations
  Send (k, reward)
  Receive  $\forall i (k_i, reward_i)$ 

  k ← best meta from  $k_i$ 's
  if  $rnd(0, 1) < p_{mut}$  then
    k ← random meta
  end if

   $P_{new} \leftarrow meta_k(P)$ 
  reward ← Reward(P,  $P_{new}$ )
  P ←  $P_{new}$ 
end while
  
```


Experimental design

From 'Adaptive Operator Selection'

Dynamical Multi-Armed Bandit (DAMS) [Fiahlo et al., GECCO 2008, 2009]

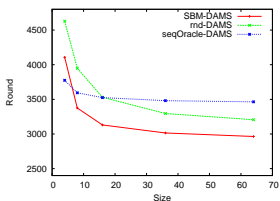
- 'Drosophila' problems : *OneMax* problem ($l = 10^4$)
- Initial solution 000....0
- 4 mutations operators :
 - 5-bit, 3-bit, 1-bit, 1/l bit-flip
- $(1 + \lambda)$ -EA with $\lambda = 50$

SBM-DAMS

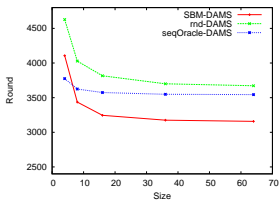
- One iteration of $(1 + \lambda)$ -EA
- Reward : fitness gain $f(x_{new}) - f(x)$
- Three topologies : complete, circle, grid graph.
- $p_{mut} = 10^{-3}$, $\{0.0005, 0.005, 0.001, 0.01, 0.05, 0.1, 0.2, 0.3\}$
- 20 independent runs

Performances, adaptation properties

Grid topologies :



Circle topologies :



No distributed adaptive algorithm in the literature

Algorithms :

- Selection of 'good' meta important ?
⇒ Random selection of metaheuristic (Rnd-DAMS)
- Optimal independent strategy ?
⇒ Selection with sequential oracle (seqOracle-DAMS)

SBM outperforms (\forall topo., \forall n) :

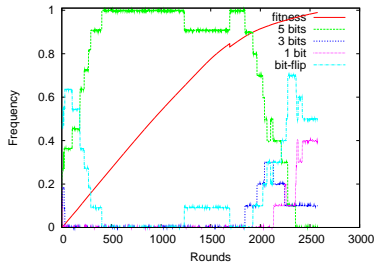
Random selection

Sequential oracle

⇒ Adaptation of SBM very efficient

Dynamics of SBM-DAMS

Average frequency and fitness



- First, 1/l bit-flip mutation (opposite of sequential oracle)
- Then 5-bits, 3-bits, 1-bit, 1/l bit-flip

Efficiency of local communication

For n nodes around fitness 0 :

$1/l$ bit-flip mutation $>$ 5-bit mutation

For fitness 0,

$$\mathbb{P}(\text{gain bit-flip} > 5) = 1 - \alpha^{\lambda \cdot n}$$

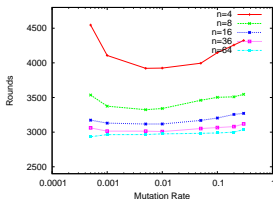
α prob at most 5 bits are flipped

Whatever the topology :

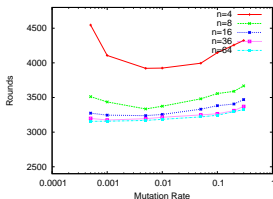
- Decentralized decision (but not independent)
- Global property : correct mutation operator selection

Robustness of metaheuristic mutation parameter p_{mut}

Grid topologies :



Circle topologies :

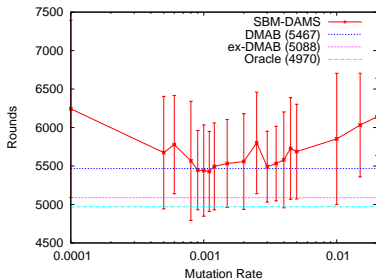


• Range of performances small according to metaheuristic mutation rate

• $p_{mut} \in [10^{-3}, 10^{-1}]$

⇒ Quite robust parameter for this problem

Parallel properties : SBM-DAMS vs. sequential AOS



- Sequential Adaptive Operator Selection :
DMAB running $(1 + 50)$ -EA
- SBM-DAMS :
50 nodes (complete graph)
running $(1 + 1)$ -EA

- Performances (number of evaluations) :
oracle < ex-DMAB < SBM < DMAB
- More information for AOS :
DMAB : update operator every mutation
SBM : update every n mutations
- But, SBM time could be divided by n

Distributed Adaptive Metaheuristic Selection

A generic framework

```
M ← INIT_META()  
P ← INIT_POP()  
S ← INIT_STATE()  
I ← {M, P, S}  
repeat
```

Distributed Adaptive Metaheuristic Selection

A generic framework

```
 $M \leftarrow \text{INIT\_META}()$   
 $P \leftarrow \text{INIT\_POP}()$   
 $S \leftarrow \text{INIT\_STATE}()$   
 $I \leftarrow \{M, P, S\}$   
repeat  
  /** Distributed Level **/  
   $c \leftarrow \text{LOCAL\_COMMUNICATION}(I)$   
   $P \leftarrow \text{UPDATE\_POPULATION}(I, c)$   
   $S \leftarrow \text{UPDATE\_LOCAL\_STATE}(I, c)$ 
```

Distributed Adaptive Metaheuristic Selection

A generic framework

```
 $M \leftarrow \text{INIT\_META}()$   
 $P \leftarrow \text{INIT\_POP}()$   
 $S \leftarrow \text{INIT\_STATE}()$   
 $I \leftarrow \{M, P, S\}$   
repeat  
  /** Distributed Level **/  
   $c \leftarrow \text{LOCAL\_COMMUNICATION}(I)$   
   $P \leftarrow \text{UPDATE\_POPULATION}(I, c)$   
   $S \leftarrow \text{UPDATE\_LOCAL\_STATE}(I, c)$   
  
  /** Metaheuristic Selection Level **/  
   $M \leftarrow \text{SELECT\_META}(I)$ 
```


Distributed Adaptive Metaheuristic Selection

A generic framework

```
 $M \leftarrow \text{INIT\_META}()$   
 $P \leftarrow \text{INIT\_POP}()$   
 $S \leftarrow \text{INIT\_STATE}()$   
 $I \leftarrow \{M, P, S\}$   
repeat  
  /** Distributed Level **/  
   $c \leftarrow \text{LOCAL\_COMMUNICATION}(I)$   
   $P \leftarrow \text{UPDATE\_POPULATION}(I, c)$   
   $S \leftarrow \text{UPDATE\_LOCAL\_STATE}(I, c)$   
  
  /** Metaheuristic Selection Level **/  
   $M \leftarrow \text{SELECT\_META}(I)$   
  
  /** Atomic Low Level **/  
   $(P, S) \leftarrow \text{APPLY\_META}(M, P)$   
until  $\text{STOPPING\_CONDITION}(I)$ 
```

Distributed Adaptive Metaheuristic Selection

A generic framework

```

M ← INIT_META()
P ← INIT_POP()
S ← INIT_STATE()
I ← {M, P, S}
repeat
  /** Distributed Level **/
  c ← LOCAL_COMMUNICATION(I)
  P ← UPDATE_POPULATION(I, c)
  S ← UPDATE_LOCAL_STATE(I, c)

  /** Metaheuristic Selection Level **/
  M ← SELECT_META(I)

  /** Atomic Low Level **/
  (P, S) ← APPLY_META(M, P)
until STOPPING_CONDITION(I)
  
```

```

k ← initMeta()
P ← initPop()
reward ← 0
while Not stop do
  Migration of populations
  Send (k, reward)
  Receive  $\forall i (k_i, reward_i)$ 

  k ← best meta from  $k_i$ 's
  if  $rnd(0, 1) < p_{mut}$  then
    k ← random meta
  end if

   $P_{new} \leftarrow meta_k(P)$ 
  reward ← Reward(P,  $P_{new}$ )
  P ←  $P_{new}$ 
end while
  
```

Distributed Adaptive Metaheuristic Selection

A generic framework

```

M ← INIT_META()
P ← INIT_POP()
S ← INIT_STATE()
I ← {M, P, S}
repeat
  /** Distributed Level **/
  c ← LOCAL_COMMUNICATION(I)
  P ← UPDATE_POPULATION(I, c)
  S ← UPDATE_LOCAL_STATE(I, c)

  /** Metaheuristic Selection Level **/
  M ← SELECT_META(I)

  /** Atomic Low Level **/
  (P, S) ← APPLY_META(M, P)
until STOPPING_CONDITION(I)

```

```

k ← 0
P ← initPop()

while Not stop do
  Migration of populations

  Pnew ← metak(P)

  P ← Pnew
end while

```

Conclusions and Futur Works

- **On-line control of metaheuristics** execution in **distributed environment**
- 'Select Best and Mutate' strategy :
efficient adaptation and parallel properties

Future works

- **Theoretical works** on running-time (in progress)
- Study the performances on NP-hard **multimodal problems**
- Use together **different metaheuristics** (EA, memetic EA, ant, etc.)
- Study addition and deletion of computational nodes

Future works

```
M ← INIT_META()
P ← INIT_POP()
S ← INIT_STATE()
I ← {M, P, S}
repeat
  /** Distributed Level ** /
  c ← LOCAL_COMMUNICATION(I)
  P ← UPDATE_POPULATION(I, c)
  S ← UPDATE_LOCAL_STATE(I, c)

  /** Metaheuristic Selection Level ** /
  M ← SELECT_META(I)

  /** Atomic Low Level ** /
  (P, S) ← APPLY_META(M, P)
until STOPPING_CONDITION(I)
```

Metaheuristic Selection Level :

- Design selection metaheuristic methods (UCB strategy)

Distributed Level :

- Rewards : cumulative measures
- Information, state :
Communication of rewards
- Asynchronous method
- Binary rewards (crossover)
- Define an adaptive migration policy

Environnement Level :

- grid5000